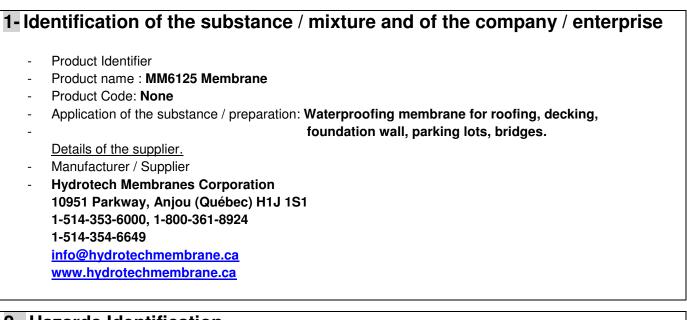


Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane



## 2- Hazards Identification

## Primary entry

### Inhalation

In closed area - Produce irritating vapors for the eyes and throat. Causes headache, nausea and dizziness.

### Eye Hazards

The hot material causes severe burns. Vapors are irritating to the eyes.

### **Skin Hazards**

The hot material causes severe burns. Prolonged exposure to vapors could cause dermatitis..

## Hazards associated with the ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastric distress, vomiting and diarrhea.



Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane

## 3- Hazards Identification

	C.A.S #	EINECS #	% (W/W)	OSHA PEL		ACGIH TLV		NIOSH REL	
INGREDIENTS				TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	TWA	ST EL
ASPHALT	8052-42-4	232-490-9	40 to 70 %	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N.E.	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	P.E.	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N. E.
RECYCLED OIL S1			15 to 40 %	5 mg/m³	N.E.	5 mg/m³	10	N.E.	N. E.
Lubricating oils (petrolieum), hydrotreated spent	64742-58-1	265-161-3					mg/m³		⊑.
Residual oils (petrolieum), solvent refined	64742-01-4	265-101-6							
Residual oils (petrolieum), hydrotreated	64742-57-0	265-160-8							
Residual oils (petrolieum), solvent dewaxed	64742-62-7	265-166-0							
Lubricating oils (petrolieum), C>25, hydrotreated	72623-83-7	276-735-8							
Petrolieum distillates, solvent- refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	265-090-8							
SBS POLYMER (Styrene- Butadiene-Styrene) <sup>1</sup>	9003-55-8	N.A.	7 to 13 %	N.E.	N.E.	P.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N. E.
FILLERS <sup>1</sup> Kaolin Cristalline Silice- Quartz Cristobalite Mica Bioxyde Titanique	1332-58-7 14808-60-7 14464-46-1 12001-26-2 13463-67-7	310-194-1 238-878-4 238-455-4 N.A. 236-675-5	10 to 30 %	15 mg/m³	N.E.	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N.E.	N.E.	N. E.

NOTES

PEL: permissible exposure limit REL: recommended exposure limit TLV: threshold limit value N.E.: not established N.A.: not available TWA: 8 hours, time weighted average STEL: short-term exposure limit (15 min. average) ppm: parts per million in air mg/m<sup>3</sup>: milligrams per cubic meter of air

1. The exposure to the product above the limits of exposure is not likely to occur considering its form (incorporated in the mixture) and the provided use. The limit of exposure is given for reference only.

### **Critical features**

N. App: not applicable

This product is solid at room temperature and becomes liquid when heated for the application. If heated at high temperatures, it can release vapors and / or hydrogen sulfide. Inhalation of vapors can cause irritation of the eyes and respiratory system and a central nervous system depression with symptoms of nausea, headache, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, dizziness, reduced coordination, unconsciousness and eventually death. Hot asphalt causes burns to skin and eyes. At higher concentrations (above 10 ppm), hydrogen sulfide is extremely toxic if inhaled and may cause respiratory irritation, respiratory failure, coma and death.

Appearance / Odor: Black asphaltic solid product, no odor. The heated liquid has a characteristic odor.



Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane

# 4- First aid

•	irst aid measures: not remove hot membrane from skin. Flush with cold water - Obtain medical attention without lay.			
Yeux: Do	not remove hot membrane. Flush with cold-water -Obtain medical attention without delay.			
Inhalation:	If in a closed area – remove victim from site and bring to a well-ventilated area.			
	Get medical care immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Never ingest anything to an unconscious victim. Call a doctor or Poison Control center. exposure to the product: At 25°C :			
At 205°C :	vn.			
	In an enclosed space - Emits irritating vapors for the eyes and throat. Cause of headaches, nausea and dizziness.			
Skin: Hot material causes severe burns. Prolonged exposure to vapors may cause dermatitis.				
Eyes: The hot material causes severe burns. Vapors are irritating to eyes.				
Ingestion: I	Improbable.			
Exposure L	Limit: 8hrs max 5mg / m3 (asphalt) Consult local authorities for acceptable values in the province. Ref : Toxicological Directory CSST.			



Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane

## 5- Measures in case of fire

Extinguishing media: C02 extinguisher, dry chemicals, foam. Use of water spray directly on the material may spread the fire and cause frothing.

Flash point and method: 240°C (464°F) METHOD - COC

Flammable (% by volume): Not available

Auto-ignition temperature (°C): 400°C +

Dangerous combustion products: COx, SOX, NOx, sulfur compounds, smoke.

Sensitivity to a static discharge: None

Sensitivity to mechanical shock: None

## 6- Measures in case of accidental spills

Procedures in case of leaks and spills:

Contain and / or absorb spill with inert materials (p. Ex. Sand, vermiculite). Collect and dispose in accordance with regulations. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers.

# 7- Handling and Storage

Storage Requirements:

Containers must be kept tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not store near strong oxidizers.



#### Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane

## 8- Exposure controls / personal protection

Engineering controls

Use with adequate general ventilation unit and local exhaust. When the product is used outdoors, stay well away from building air intakes or close and seal the intakes to prevent product from entering building.

Eye and face protection

It is recommended to wear protective glasses when handling the molten product.

Skin protection

Use loose work gloves style 'cuff'. Wear protective clothing such as overalls, long sleeve shirts and pants.

**Respiratory protection** 

The level of respiratory protection needed should be assessed according to chemical exposures by a health care professional or safety.

#### The exposure limits in the workplace for individual ingredients (if available) are listed below.

Ingredient (s) - Exposure Limits bitumen, petroleum (residues) OSHA PEL-TWA 5mg/m3 ACGIH TLV-TWA 0,5 mg/m3 (aérosol soluble dans le benzène) silica, quartz ACGIH TLV-TWA 0,025 mg/m3 OSHA PEL-TWA 30 mg/m3/(%SiO2+2) (total dust) OSHA PEL-TWA 10 mg/m3/(%SiO2+2) (respirable dust)

## 9- Physical and chemical properties

Physical condition: Semi-solid at 25 ° C - No specific odor. Color black. Liquid at 205 ° C (application temperature) bitumen smell - black color.

Vapor Pressure: None

Vapor Density (air=1): Not applicable

Density: 1.15 kg/L

Evaporation rate: **Not applicable** 

Coefficient of water / oil: Not applicable

Boiling point (°C): not available

Solubility in water (20°C): **50 ppm water deionize** 

Volatiles %: (V.O.C.) g/L : 0% : 0 g/L

pH : not available

Melting point, freezing point: not available



Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane

Flash point: 240°C (464°F) METHOD - COC

Flammability (solid, gas) : not available

Auto-ignition point (°C): 400°C +

Decomposition Temperature: **not available** 

Viscosity : not available

## 10- Stability and reactivity

Conditions of reactivity: Conditions to avoid - Excessive heat approaching flash point.

Chemical stability: Stable

Conditions to avoid: Excessive heat approaching flash point.

Incompatibility with other products: Incompatible with strong oxidizers, chlorine, oxygen, acid and very strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition products: During combustion , emissions COx, SOx, NOx, sulfur, smoke.

## 11- Toxicological data

#### Chronic / carcinogenic effects

It has been established that the presence of silica, quartz in this product at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% is carcinogenic as follows: IARC: Group 1; NTP: on the list; OSHA: Not regulated; ACGIH: A2.

#### **Miscellaneous Toxicological Information**

Overall, toxicity tests have not been conducted for this product. Available toxicological data for individual ingredients are summarized below.

### Ingredient (s) - Carcinogenicity

silica, quartz NTP - on the list On the list of the IARC Monographs heavy paraffinic distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed On the list of the IARC Monographs

### Ingredient (s) - Toxicological Data

silica, quartz LD50 (iv, rat): 500 mg / kg bw / Quartz (10-200 microns) heavy paraffinic distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed LD50 (oral, rat):> 5000 mg / kg LD50 (dermal, rabbit):> 5000 mg / kg



Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane

# 12- Ecological Information

No information was identified.

# 13- Data on product disposal

Dispose in accordance with local government regulations, provincial and federal regulations.

## 14-Information relating to transport

Road Not Regulated IMDG Not regulated IATA Not regulated

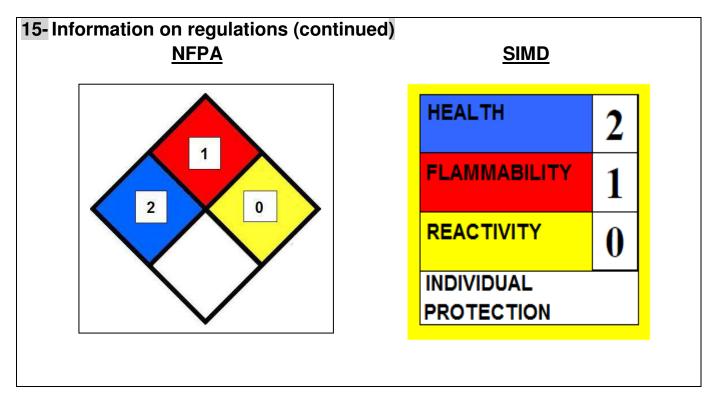
## **15-Information on regulations**

#### **US Regulatory Information**

It may be that the bitumen contains chemicals detectable amounts recognized by the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. Ingredient (s) - Information on regulations by State (United States) asphalt, petroleum (residues) California - Proposition 65 Pennsylvania - Risk in the workplace silica, quartz New Jersey - Risk in the workplace Pennsylvania - Risk in the workplace California - Proposition 65 Massachusetts - Hazardous Substance Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed New Jersey - Risk in the workplace Pennsylvania - Risk in the workplace Massachusetts - Hazardous Substance New York City - Hazardous Substance **Canadian Regulatory Information** This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the CPR. This MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. WHMIS Classification: Class D2A - Very toxic. Ingredient (s) - Canadian Regulatory Information silica, quartz WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List WHMIS - Canada (Pictograms)



Product name : MM6125 EV Membrane



# 16- Other information including information regarding the preparation and updating of the SDS

**Revision / Info** 

This MSDS replaces the previous MSDS dated 2014.04.03.

NOTE

Although this document has been prepared with reasonable diligence, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information herein nor assumes no liability as to the relevance of this information for the intended purposes of the user or for the consequences of its use. It is up to each individual to determine the appropriateness of the information for their particular purposes.